

Name _____

Date _____

Mark the Evangelist—The Lion

Each of the four Evangelists—Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John—is represented by an animal that symbolizes his Gospel style. Mark is represented by a lion, a symbol of strength and courage. Mark's Gospel begins with John the Baptist proclaiming Jesus as "one mightier than I."



Directions: Look up the following passages from the Gospel of Mark that depict Jesus acting and speaking with strength and courage.

1:17 "Come after me, and I will _____ you fishers of men."

1:15 "Repent, and _____ in the gospel."

2:17 "I did not come to call the _____ but sinners."

4:9 He added, "_____ has ears to hear ought to hear."

5:34 He said to her, "_____, your faith has saved you. Go in peace and be cured of your affliction."

2:11 He said to the _____, "I say to you, rise, pick up your mat, and go home."

10:25 "It is easier for a _____ to pass through [the] eye of [a] needle than for one who is rich to enter the kingdom of God."

1:34 He cured many who were _____ with various diseases, and he drove out many demons.

8:34 "Whoever wishes to _____ after me must deny himself, take up his cross, and follow me."

4:39 He woke up, rebuked the _____, and said to the sea, "Quiet! Be still!"

What do the circled letters spell out?

Which of these passages speaks to you the most about courage? Why?

Name _____

Date _____

Session 2 Assessment

A. Circle the choice that best completes each sentence.

1. The Acts of the (Hebrews Apostles) is part of the New Testament.
2. John the Baptist was a (priest precursor), or immediate forerunner, sent to prepare the way for Jesus.
3. The official list of the 73 books that makes up the Old and New Testaments of the Bible is called the (canon covenant).
4. *Messiah* is a title that means (“anointed one” “favored by God”).
5. Jesus began his public life on the banks of the Jordan River when John (baptized praised) him.
6. A (bishop priest) uses water during the rite of Baptism.
7. Followers who submitted to baptism by John the Baptist did so as a sign that they accepted his message to (become prophets repent for sins).
8. Baptism frees us from (Original Sin God’s promise), which is the consequence of Adam and Eve’s disobedience when human beings lost God’s blessing.
9. The most important books of the New Testament are the four (Gospels Torahs): Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John.
10. In the Old Testament, God made a (Covenant testament), a solemn agreement, between God and his people.
11. The books of the New Testament tell the story of Jesus’ life, Death, (Resurrection Baptism), and Ascension.
12. The Church venerates both the Old Testament and New Testament as (recorded inspired) by God.
13. A (descendant prophet) is someone who is called to speak for God.
14. Each Gospel teaches us that Jesus is the (Apostle Son of God) sent by the Father for our Salvation.
15. Both the Old Testament and the New Testament tell God’s great (inspiration plan) for the human family.

Name _____ Date _____

Session 2 Assessment

B. How does the New Testament show us that God fulfilled his promise to us?

C. What promise did your family make to God at your Baptism? How have you kept that promise? How can you continue to keep this promise in the future?
